

## voltammetric constant

In linear-sweep voltammetry and related techniques, the empirical quantity defined by the equation

$$\frac{i_p}{A \sqrt{v} c_B} \quad \left( = \frac{j_p}{\sqrt{v} c_B} \right)$$

where  $i_p$  is the peak current,  $A$  is the area of the electrode-solution interface,  $v$  is the rate of change of applied potential, and  $c_B$  is the bulk concentration of the substance B whose reduction or oxidation is responsible for the peak in question.

**Source:**

PAC, 1985, 57, 1491 (*Recommended terms, symbols, and definitions for electroanalytical chemistry (Recommendations 1985)*) on page 1505