

trimethylenemethanes

The diradical $\text{CH}_2=\text{C}(\text{C}\cdot\text{H}_2)_2$, 2-methylenepropane-1,3-diyl, for which no Kekulé structure can be written, and its hydrocarbyl derivatives.

Source:

PAC, 1995, 67, 1307 (*Glossary of class names of organic compounds and reactivity intermediates based on structure (IUPAC Recommendations 1995)*) on page 1373