

imines

1. Compounds having the structure $\text{RN}=\text{CR}_2$ ($\text{R} = \text{H}$, hydrocarbyl). Thus analogues of aldehydes or ketones, having NR doubly bonded to carbon; aldimines have the structure $\text{RCH}=\text{NR}$, ketimines have the structure $\text{R}'_2\text{C}=\text{NR}$ ($\text{R}' \neq \text{H}$). Imines include azomethines and Schiff bases. Imine is used as a suffix in systematic nomenclature to denote the $\text{C}=\text{NH}$ group excluding the carbon atom.
2. [obsolete] An obsolete term for azacycloalkanes.

Source:

PAC, 1995, 67, 1307 (*Glossary of class names of organic compounds and reactivity intermediates based on structure (IUPAC Recommendations 1995)*) on page 1343