

chain length, δ

In a chain reaction, the average number of times the closed cycle of reactions (involving the chain-propagating reactions) is repeated. It is equal to the rate of the overall reaction divided by the rate of the initiation reaction.

Source:

PAC, 1996, 68, 149 (*A glossary of terms used in chemical kinetics, including reaction dynamics (IUPAC Recommendations 1996)*) on page 157